

[console](#), [argument](#), [math](#)

== [apollo_asm](#) ==

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*-----
*--- program:   print_fib2 program
*--- author:    pisklak
*--- description: This is a small program that calculates and prints all
fibonacci
*---            values from 1 to Nelement, where Nelement must be given to
prg as CLI parameter.
*---            Valid parameter is a number in range 1-1000.
*---            So usage is print_fib2 100 for example. You may try give it
invalid parameters
*---            which should be rejected and error msg printed.

        include exec/types.i
        include exec/libraries.i
        include  exec/exec_lib.i
        include exec/exec.i
        include  dos/dos_lib.i
        include  dos/dos.i

        MACHINE      MC68020

Max_Number EQU      1000
*----- opening DOS library -----
openlibs
        move.l   $4,_ExecBase
        lea     DosName,A1
        move.l   #0,d0
        CALLEXEC OpenLibrary
        move.l   d0,_DOSBase
*----- getting stdin and output -----
        CALLDOS   Output           ; get _stdout
        move.l   d0,_stdout
        CALLDOS   Input            ; get _stdin
        move.l   d0,_stdin
*----- getting argument -----
get_one_arg
        move.l   #arg_string,d1           ; move buffer ptr in d1
        move.l   #10,d2                  ; move buffer size in d2
        clr.l    d3                       ; no input specified = read from
Input()
        CALLDOS  ReadItem              ; read one argument, now we have it in
our buffer

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    cmp.l    #ITEM_NOTHING,d0      ; check do user give argument
    beq     prt_error              ; branch to error printing message if
user do not do that
*----- convert string routine -----
convertstr
    move.l  #arg_string,d1        ; load pointer to arg_string into d1
    move.l  #Nelement,d2        ; load pointer to our Nelement
variable into d2
    CALLOS StrToLong              ; try convert string to long value
    cmp.l  #-1,d0                ; checkout do user give any valid
argument (number)
    beq    prt_error1            ; if not print error msg
    move.l Nelement,d0          ; copy converted value into d0
    cmp.l  #1,d0                ; is value is >0
    blo   prt_error2            ; if not prt error mgs
    cmp.l  #Max_Number,d0        ; now checkout do value<max range
    bhi   prt_error2            ; if not prt error msg

*----- Now we allocate memory for our fibonacci buffer --
-----
*----- size of allocated memory depends of given argument
-----
allocmem
    move.l  Nelement,d0          ; number of our array entries
    mulu.l  #4,d0                ; now we calculate actual lenght in
bytes
    move.l  #MEMF_PUBLIC|MEMF_CLEAR,d1 ; we require public cleared
memory
    CALLEXEC AllocMem            ; there we go - we 'eat' some mem from
system
    cmp.l  #0,d0                ; check do we sucessfull eat it
    beq    prt_error3            ; if not prt error msg
    move.l  d0,fib_array          ; store our allocated mem pointer

*----- OK so now we have space to fill. Let's do that ! -----
-----

    move.l  fib_array,a3
    move.l  #1,(a3)+              ; write 1st valuee
    move.l  #1,(a3)+              ; and 2nd one
    move.l  #3,d0                 ; for counter
    move.l  #1,d1                 ; fib1
    move.l  #1,d2                 ; fib2
    clr.l  d3                     ; tmp
for      cmp.l  Nelement,d0      ; i<=Nelement
        bhi   setup_print        ; if we calc last value then go to
setup print
        move.l d1,d3
        add.l  d2,d3              ; temp= fib1+fib2
        move.l d2,d1              ; fib1=fib2
        move.l d3,d2              ; fib2=temp

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        add.l    #1,d0
        move.l   d2,(a3)+      ; write value to our array
        bra     for

*----- now when we have values we should print them right ? --
-----
setup_print
        move.l   fib_array,d3      ; from where we will print our values
        move.l   Nelement,d2      ; how many elements in d2
        mulu.l   #4,d2            ; how big is that in bytes
        add.l    d2,d3            ; now we calculate where our array ends
        move.l   d3,array_end      ; store that addr in variable
        move.l   fib_array,d3      ; reset addr
.loop
        cmp.l    array_end,d3      ; checkout do we reach end
        bhs     prt_LF
        move.l   #prt_val_str,d1    ; our formatted string
        move.l   d3,d2            ; pointer to value
        CALLDOS VPrintf            ; print value
        add.l    #4,d3            ; move to next array value
        bra     .loop
prt_LF
        move.l   #LF_str,d1        ; this just prints some ---- after all
values are printed
        CALLDOS PutStr
*----- we done our job but do not forget free our memory
buffers -----
freemem
        move.l   fib_array,a1      ; pointer to our fib array
        move.l   Nelement,d0      ; again calc array size in bytes
        mulu.l   #4,d0
        CALLEXEC FreeMem          ; free our mem

*----- close opened libs -----
-----
closelibs
        move.l   _DOSBase,A1
        CALLEXEC CloseLibrary
*----- and finally end of the prg -----
-----
prgend
        RTS

*----- there are prt error routines -----
-----
prt_error
        move.l   #prt_eror_str,d1
        CALLDOS PutStr
        bra     closelibs

prt_error1

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    move.l    #prt_eror_str1,d1
    CALLD0S  PutStr
    bra      closelibs

prt_error2
    move.l    #prt_eror_str2,d1
    CALLD0S  PutStr
    bra      closelibs

prt_error3
    move.l    #prt_eror_str3,d1
    CALLD0S  PutStr
    bra      closelibs

*----- variable and constans definitions -----
-----
fib1          dc.l    1
fib2          dc.l    1
temp          dc.l    0
fib_array     dc.l    0
Nelement     dc.l    0
_ExecBase    dc.l    0
_DOSBase     dc.l    0
DosName       dc.b    "dos.library",0
_stdout      dc.l    0
_stdinput    dc.l    0
arg_string    ds.b    10
prt_eror_str  dc.b    "You do not give any angument !",LF,0
prt_eror_str1 dc.b    "You do not give valid number as argument
!",LF,0
prt_eror_str2 dc.b    "Your argument is not in range 1 - 1000!",LF,0
prt_eror_str3 dc.b    "Can't allocate memory !",LF,0
prt_val_str   dc.b    "%lu ",0
LF_str        dc.b    LF,"-----
-----",LF,0
array_end     dc.l    0

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